


SUSE Multi-Linux Support

Registering RHEL 10 with RMT

This guide explains how to register and update Red Hat Enterprise Linux 10 with Repository Mirroring Tool (RMT).

To register with SUSE Multi-Linux Manager, see *Registering RHEL 10 with SUSE Multi-Linux Manager* (<https://documentation.suse.com/liberty/10/html/quickstart-smlm/art-quickstart-smlm.html>) .

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1 Introduction

SUSE Multi-Linux Support is a technology and support solution for mixed Linux environments. With a SUSE Multi-Linux Support subscription, you can update Red Hat Enterprise Linux from repositories provided by SUSE. This means you get support from SUSE with no requirement to migrate your existing infrastructure to a different operating system.

An optional High Availability extension is also available.

The following table shows which Linux distributions are supported. SUSE Multi-Linux Support subscriptions also include an entitlement for a registration tool to manage package updates.

TABLE 1: SUPPORTED DISTRIBUTIONS AND REGISTRATION OPTIONS

Subscription ^a	Supported distributions ^b	Registration options
<i>SUSE Multi-Linux Support Enterprise</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• CentOS Linux• Red Hat Enterprise Linux• SUSE Linux Enterprise Server	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• SUSE Multi-Linux Manager• Repository Mirroring Tool
<i>SUSE Multi-Linux Support Professional</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• CentOS Linux• Red Hat Enterprise Linux	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• SUSE Multi-Linux Manager• Repository Mirroring Tool

a The *Lite* and *Basic* subscriptions only support CentOS Linux, so are not applicable to SUSE Multi-Linux Support 10.

b There is no CentOS Linux 10, so CentOS Linux support is not applicable to SUSE Multi-Linux Support 10.

! CentOS Stream is not supported.

! Registering RHEL 10 directly to the SUSE Customer Center is not currently supported.

This guide describes how to register with Repository Mirroring Tool (RMT). RMT is a proxy system for the SUSE Customer Center. The RMT server is registered to the SUSE Customer Center, and other systems are registered as clients of RMT and receive packages from it directly.

PROCEDURE OVERVIEW

- If you still need to **set up the RMT server**, start with [Section 2, “Installing a virtual machine to host RMT”](#) and [Section 3, “Configuring the RMT server”](#).






- If you already have an RMT server but still need to **mirror the SUSE Multi-Linux Support 10 repositories**, go to [Section 4, “Mirroring SUSE Multi-Linux Support repositories with RMT”](#).
- If you already have an RMT server and only need to **register your RHEL 10 system**, skip straight to [Section 5, “Registering RHEL with RMT”](#).



Note: *SUSE Multi-Linux Support* and *SUSE Liberty Linux*

SUSE Multi-Linux Support was previously named *SUSE Liberty Linux*. During the transition period, some components might still use the name *SUSE Liberty Linux*.

RELATED INFORMATION

- [Repository Mirroring Tool Guide \(https://documentation.suse.com/sles-15/html/SLES-all/book-rmt.html\)](https://documentation.suse.com/sles-15/html/SLES-all/book-rmt.html) 
- [Registering RHEL 10 with SUSE Multi-Linux Manager \(https://documentation.suse.com/liberty/10/html/quickstart-smlm/art-quickstart-smlm.html\)](https://documentation.suse.com/liberty/10/html/quickstart-smlm/art-quickstart-smlm.html) 
- [SUSE Multi-Linux Support 9 documentation \(https://documentation.suse.com/liberty/9/\)](https://documentation.suse.com/liberty/9/) 
- [SUSE Multi-Linux Support 8 documentation \(https://documentation.suse.com/liberty/8/\)](https://documentation.suse.com/liberty/8/) 
- [SUSE Multi-Linux Support 7 documentation \(https://documentation.suse.com/liberty/7/\)](https://documentation.suse.com/liberty/7/) 

2 Installing a virtual machine to host RMT

Use this procedure to install a SLES Minimal VM, a preconfigured virtual machine image that contains a slimmed-down version of SUSE Linux Enterprise Server (SLES). This machine will be the Repository Mirroring Tool (RMT) server.

You can use your SUSE Multi-Linux Support subscription to register this machine.




Tip: Other installation options

To install a full SLES machine on bare metal, see [Installation Quick Start \(https://documentation.suse.com/sles-15/html/SLES-all/article-installation.html\)](https://documentation.suse.com/sles-15/html/SLES-all/article-installation.html) .

To deploy SLES in the public cloud, see [Deploying a SUSE Linux Enterprise Server instance to support RMT in the public cloud \(https://documentation.suse.com/sles-15/single-html/SLES-rmt/#rmt-public-cloud\)](https://documentation.suse.com/sles-15/single-html/SLES-rmt/#rmt-public-cloud)  in *Repository Mirroring Tool Guide*.

REQUIREMENTS

- You have a SUSE Multi-Linux Support subscription.
- You have a [SUSE Customer Center \(https://scc.suse.com/\)](https://scc.suse.com/)  account.
- The VM must have a static IP address and host name. This guide includes steps for configuring the VM's network setup, but you must have basic networking knowledge to fill in the details.
- You have the infrastructure to run virtual machines. This guide explains how to set up the VM to host RMT, but does not describe how to use different virtualization products. See the relevant documentation for your product.
- The RMT server needs enough available disk space to mirror the SUSE Multi-Linux Support 10 repositories. Downloaded packages are stored in `/var/lib/rmt/public/repo/`. The amount of storage required depends on the number of repositories you mirror. We recommend at least 1.5 times the total size of all enabled repositories.




Important: SUSE Multi-Linux Support 10 repository size

The SUSE Multi-Linux Support 10 repositories will grow over time because older package versions are not removed. Based on the current¹ size of the repositories, to meet the 1.5 times size recommendation you will need approximately 95 GB of disk space for the default repositories.

If you need the optional Source and Debug repositories, you will need an additional 330 GB available.

PROCEDURE 1: INSTALLING A VIRTUAL MACHINE TO HOST RMT

1. Download the appropriate Minimal-VM image for your virtualization infrastructure from <https://www.suse.com/download/sles/> .
2. Use the Minimal-VM image to start the virtual machine.

¹ As of 7 May, 2026

The default disk size for SLES Minimal VM is 24 GB. If you can customize the configuration before the installation begins, increase the available storage so there is enough disk space for repository mirroring.

3. When the JeOS Firstboot screen appears, select *Start*.
4. Choose your keyboard layout and select *OK*.
5. Review the End User License Agreement and select *EXIT*. To agree with the terms of the license, select *Yes*.
6. Choose your time zone and select *OK*.
7. Enter a root password and select *OK*, then confirm the password and select *OK* again.
8. JeOS Firstboot shows the command to use to register this VM. You do not need to write this down; the command is explained in this procedure. Select *OK*.
9. When the VM is ready, log in as the root user with the password you entered during setup.
10. Register the VM using your SUSE Customer Center email address and the registration code for SUSE Multi-Linux Support:

```
# SUSEConnect -e EMAIL_ADDRESS -r REGISTRATION_CODE
```

This activates the Basesystem, Server Applications, and Python 3 modules.

11. If you did not already increase the VM's disk space before the installation began, increase it now. You might need to shut down the VM to do so. The VM must have enough space to mirror the SUSE Multi-Linux Support 10 repositories.

You must also configure a static IP address and host name for the VM. If you are familiar with any networking tools in SLES, configure the network with your preferred tool. If not, use the YaST graphical interface:

PROCEDURE 2: SETTING A STATIC IP ADDRESS IN YAST

1. Install YaST and the YaST network module:

```
# zypper install yast2 yast2-network
```

2. Start the YaST network module:

```
# yast2 lan
```

3. In the *Overview* tab, select *Edit* to change the settings of the `eth0` device. The *Network Card Setup* dialog opens.
4. In the *Address* tab, activate *Statically Assigned IP Address*.
5. Fill in the *IP Address*, *Subnet Mask*, and *Hostname* fields.
6. Select *Next*.
7. Switch to the *Hostname/DNS* tab and fill in the *Static Hostname* field.
8. Change *Set Hostname via DHCP* to `no`.
9. Fill in at least one *Name Server* field.
10. Switch to the *Routing* tab and select *Add*. A new dialog opens.
11. Fill in the *Gateway* field. Make sure to remove the `-` character.
12. From the *Device* drop-down list, select `eth0`.
13. Select *OK* to close the dialog.
14. Select *OK* to complete the configuration and close YaST.
15. Check the network settings:

```
# ip addr
```

Check that the network interface can access external networks:

```
# ping www.suse.com
```

Cancel the ping with `Ctrl - C`.

You can now install RMT on the virtual machine.


MORE INFORMATION

- Introduction to SLES Minimal VM (<https://documentation.suse.com/smart/virtualization-cloud/html/minimal-vm/>) 
- Virtualization Guide (<https://documentation.suse.com/sles/15-SP5/html/SLES-all/book-virtualization.html>) 

3 Configuring the RMT server

Use this procedure to configure the Repository Mirroring Tool (RMT) on SUSE Linux Enterprise Server (SLES) 15.

REQUIREMENTS

- A SLES 15 virtual machine is installed as described in [Section 2, “Installing a virtual machine to host RMT”](#).
- The SLES machine has a static IP address and host name.
- You have a [SUSE Customer Center \(https://scc.suse.com/\)](https://scc.suse.com/)  account and organization credentials.

PROCEDURE 3: CONFIGURING THE RMT SERVER

1. On the SLES machine, install RMT:

```
# zypper install rmt-server
```

2. Install the following packages, which are not installed by default on a SLES Minimal VM:


```
# zypper install yast2-rmt mariadb nginx
```

3. Start the YaST `rmt` module:

```
# yast2 rmt
```

4. Enter your *Organization Credentials*, then select *Next*.



To find your organization credentials, log in to the [SUSE Customer Center \(https://scc.suse.com/\)](https://scc.suse.com/) , select your organization from *My Organizations*, and click *Proxies*. Your organization's *Mirroring credentials* are in the top right corner.

5. Enter *Database Credentials* for a new MariaDB database user, then select *Next*. The new user is created.
6. When prompted, enter and confirm a new password for the MariaDB root user, then select *OK*.
7. Enter a *Common Name* for the SSL certificates. The common name is usually the host name of the server.

8. If the server has other domain names or IP addresses, enter these as *Alternative common names*. Select *Add* to add new names. When all common names are entered, select *Next*.
9. If prompted, enter and confirm a password for the CA private key, then select *OK*.
10. Activate the check box *Open Ports for HTTP and HTTPS in Firewall*, then select *Next*.
11. YaST displays the *RMT Service Status*. If there are no issues, select *Next*.
12. Review the *Configuration Summary*, then select *Finish* to close YaST.

YaST enables and starts all RMT systemd services and timers.

MORE INFORMATION

- RMT installation and configuration (<https://documentation.suse.com/sles-15/html/SLES-all/cha-rmt-installation.html>) ↗

4 Mirroring SUSE Multi-Linux Support repositories with RMT

Use this procedure to mirror the SUSE Multi-Linux Support repositories for Red Hat Enterprise Linux 10.

REQUIREMENTS

- The RMT server is installed and up to date.
- The RMT server has enough storage available for repository mirroring. The amount of storage required depends on the number of repositories you mirror. We recommend at least 1.5 times the total size of all enabled repositories. Be aware that the SUSE Multi-Linux Support repositories will grow substantially over time.
- Your organization credentials appear correctly in `/etc/rmt.conf`.
- You have a SUSE Multi-Linux Support subscription activated in the [SUSE Customer Center](https://scc.suse.com/) (<https://scc.suse.com/>) ↗.

PROCEDURE 4: MIRRORING THE SUSE MULTI-LINUX SUPPORT REPOSITORIES WITH RMT

1. On the RMT server, update the available product and repository metadata:

```
# rmt-cli sync
```

Synchronization is also performed automatically by `rmt-server-sync.timer`. You can check the status and the next scheduled synchronization time with the following command:

```
# systemctl status rmt-server-sync.timer
```

2. Enable SUSE Multi-Linux Support 10 using the product ID 3141:

```
# rmt-cli products enable 3141
```

This enables all the default repositories associated with the product.

3. If your subscription includes the High Availability extension, enable it using the product ID 3142:

```
# rmt-cli products enable 3142
```



To check whether the extension is available, run `rmt-cli products list --all --name=SLL-HA`.

4. If you also need the Source or Debug repositories, find and enable them with the following commands:

- a. List all the repositories for SUSE Multi-Linux Support 10:

```
# rmt-cli repos list --all | grep SLL | grep 10
```

Enabled repositories have the status Mirror. Unenabled repositories have the status Don't Mirror.

- b. Enable the repositories you need with their numeric IDs. You can enable multiple repositories at once:

```
# rmt-cli repos enable REPO_ID1 REPO_ID2 REPO_ID3
```

5. Start package mirroring for the enabled repositories:

```
# rmt-cli mirror
```

Packages are downloaded to the RMT server once per day by `rmt-server-mirror.timer`. You can check the status and the next scheduled download time with the following command:

```
# systemctl status rmt-server-mirror.timer
```

MORE INFORMATION

- Mirroring repositories on the RMT server (<https://documentation.suse.com/sles-15/html/SLES-all/cha-rmt-mirroring.html>) ↗

5 Registering RHEL with RMT

Use this procedure to register Red Hat Enterprise Linux 10 as a client of RMT.

- ! SUSE Multi-Linux Support only supports the latest minor version of RHEL 10.
- ! CentOS Stream is not supported.

REQUIREMENTS

- The SUSE Multi-Linux Support 10 repositories are available on the RMT server.
- The system you want to register can access the RMT server.
- You have a SUSE Multi-Linux Support subscription activated in the [SUSE Customer Center](https://scc.suse.com/) (<https://scc.suse.com/>) ↗.
- You have removed the system from any Red Hat subscription services it was registered to.

PROCEDURE 5: REGISTERING RHEL WITH RMT

1. On the RHEL system, download the `rmt-client-setup-res` script:

```
# curl -O https://installer-updates.suse.com/SUSE/Updates/SLL-REG/10/installer/update/rmt-client-setup-res
```

The option `--remote-name` (or `-O`) writes the output to a local file with the same name as the remote file.

2. Run the `rmt-client-setup-res` script with the URL of the RMT server as a parameter:

```
# sh rmt-client-setup-res https://RMT_SERVER
```

The script installs **SUSEConnect** and its dependencies, and replaces the existing release package with the SUSE Multi-Linux Support release package. It then downloads and runs the `rmt-client-setup` script, which performs the following tasks:

- Downloads all keys from `http://RMT_SERVER/repo/keys`.
- Imports the keys with `gpg --import` and `rpm --import`.
- Downloads the CA certificate from `https://RMT_SERVER/rmt.crt`.
- Imports the CA certificate to the trust store.
- Uses **SUSEConnect** to register the system with the RMT server. Registering the system using **SUSEConnect** adds and enables all default repositories.

You should see Successfully registered system.

3. Verify the installed product:

```
# SUSEConnect --status-text
```

You should see the following output:

```
Installed Products:
-----

SUSE Liberty Linux release file
(SLL/10/x86_64)

Registered

-----
```

4. If your subscription includes the High Availability extension, activate it with this command:

```
# SUSEConnect -p SLL-HA/10/x86_64
```



To check whether the extension is available, run **SUSEConnect --list-extensions**.

5. Verify the available repositories:

```
# dnf repolist all
```

The default repositories SLL-10-Updates, SLL-AS-10-Updates and SLL-CB-10-Updates should be enabled. If you activated the High Availability extension, SLL-10-HA-Updates should also be enabled.

You will also see optional Source and Debug repositories with the status disabled. Be aware that these repositories are listed even if they are not mirrored on the RMT server. You can check the mirrored repositories by browsing the directory listing at https://RMT_SERVER/repo/SUSE/Updates/ or by logging in to the RMT server and running **rmt-cli repos list**.

6. If you need the Source or Debug repositories, enable them using their repo id. You can enable multiple repositories at once:

```
# dnf config-manager --enable REPO_ID1 REPO_ID2 REPO_ID3
```

7. Run the update command to make sure there are no errors:

```
# dnf update
```

You can now keep your system up to date from repositories provided by SUSE Multi-Linux Support.



Warning: UEFI Secure Boot requirements

To use SUSE Multi-Linux Support on systems with UEFI Secure Boot enabled, the complete boot chain stack (shim, GRUB, and kernel) must be provided by SUSE. This is necessary because UEFI Secure Boot requires a strict chain of trust, where each component—from the firmware to the kernel and its drivers—must be signed with a key that the previous component in the chain explicitly trusts. Using non-SUSE components could break this chain and prevent the system from booting.

6 Troubleshooting

nginx.service is inactive after installing the `rmt-server` package

Continue the procedure to configure RMT in YaST. This often resolves the issue. If that fails, Apache might be installed on your server, and must be disabled. Apache conflicts with NGINX because both web servers listen on port 80.

SUSE Multi-Linux Support does not appear in `rmt-cli products list` after `rmt-cli sync`

Check your network. If the network is down, `rmt-cli sync` fails without showing an error.

Mirroring completes with errors

If some packages could not be downloaded because of timeouts, rerun the `rmt-cli mirror` command until all packages are downloaded.

Setup script cannot access the SUSE Multi-Linux Support repository

The `repodata` directory on the RMT server will not be available until all of the packages for that repository are downloaded. If some packages could not be downloaded to the RMT server because of timeouts during the first mirroring, rerun the `rmt-cli mirror` command until all packages are downloaded.

Setup script cannot install `SUSEConnect` because of package dependencies

SUSE Multi-Linux Support only supports the latest minor version of each RHEL release. If your system is running the latest version and `SUSEConnect` still has package dependency issues, try the following workaround:

1. Edit the `rmt-client-setup-res` script to add `--skip-broken` to the following line:

```
$DNF install SUSEConnect librepo --skip-broken
```

2. Run the script and accept any proposed package changes. `SUSEConnect` will be skipped.
3. Run the script a second time. The package changes from the first attempt can sometimes resolve the package dependency issues, allowing the second attempt to successfully install `SUSEConnect`.

`dnf update` fails with Errors during downloading metadata for repository – Status code: 404

The repository shown in the error message might not be mirrored on the RMT server. The optional `Source` and `Debug` repositories can be enabled with `dnf config-manager` even if they are not available from RMT.

1. Run `dnf repolist all` to show the status of the repositories.
2. If the repository shown in the error message has the status `enabled`, disable it with the following command:

```
# dnf config-manager --disable REPO_ID
```

3. Run `dnf update` again to see if the issue is resolved.
4. If you need the unavailable repository for your system, see [Section 4, “Mirroring SUSE Multi-Linux Support repositories with RMT”](#).

A Accessing the Source or Debug repositories

Mirroring the `Source` or `Debug` repositories and enabling them on your system is documented as part of [Section 4, “Mirroring SUSE Multi-Linux Support repositories with RMT”](#) and [Section 5, “Registering RHEL with RMT”](#).

However, if your RHEL system is already registered to the RMT server and you just need to enable individual repositories, this section highlights the relevant steps.

REQUIREMENTS

- The RMT server is installed and up to date.
- The SUSE Multi-Linux Support 10 product is enabled on the RMT server.
- Your RHEL system is registered to the RMT server.

Repositories must be mirrored on the RMT server before you can access them on your system. `Source` and `Debug` repositories are not mirrored by default. Use this procedure to mirror any additional repositories you need:

PROCEDURE A1: MIRRORING ADDITIONAL REPOSITORIES ON THE RMT SERVER

1. List the SUSE Multi-Linux Support 10 repositories:

```
# rmt-cli repos list --all | grep SLL | grep 10
```

If the repositories you need already have the status `Mirror`, skip this procedure and go to [Procedure A2, “Enabling additional repositories on Red Hat Enterprise Linux”](#).

2. Enable the repositories you need with their numeric IDs. You can enable multiple repositories at once:

```
# rmt-cli repos enable REPO_ID1 REPO_ID2 REPO_ID3
```

3. Start package mirroring for the enabled repositories:

```
# rmt-cli mirror
```

This will take some time to complete.

After the repositories finish mirroring, use this procedure to enable them on your RHEL system:

PROCEDURE A2: ENABLING ADDITIONAL REPOSITORIES ON RED HAT ENTERPRISE LINUX

1. List the available repositories:

```
# dnf repolist all
```

Be aware that all SUSE Multi-Linux Support 10 repositories are listed and can be enabled even if they are not mirrored on the RMT server. However, you can only download content from a repository if it is mirrored on the RMT server.

2. Enable the repositories you need using their repo_id. You can enable multiple repositories at once:

```
# dnf config-manager --enable REPO_ID1 REPO_ID2 REPO_ID3
```

3. Run the update command to make sure there are no errors:

```
# dnf update
```

If you enabled a repository that is not mirrored on the RMT server, you will see a 404 error.

B GNU licenses

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